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1/12  
3700

FIG. 1. Effect of on/off 60 Hz EM fields on hypoxia protection induced in chick embryos

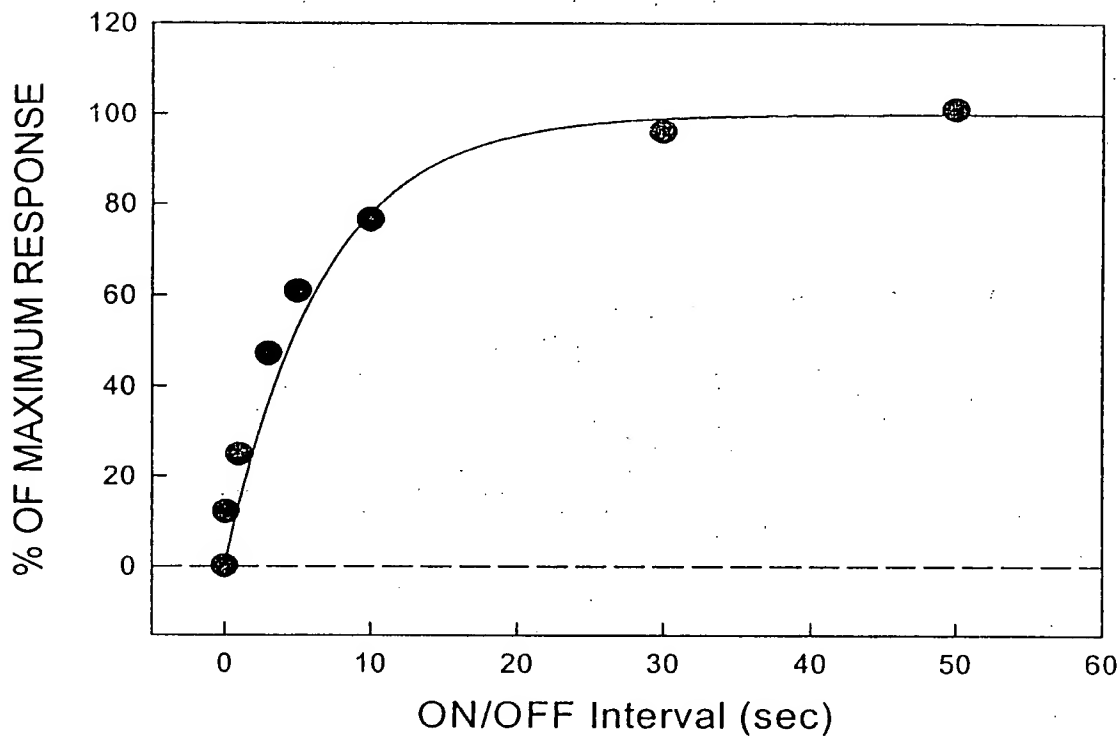
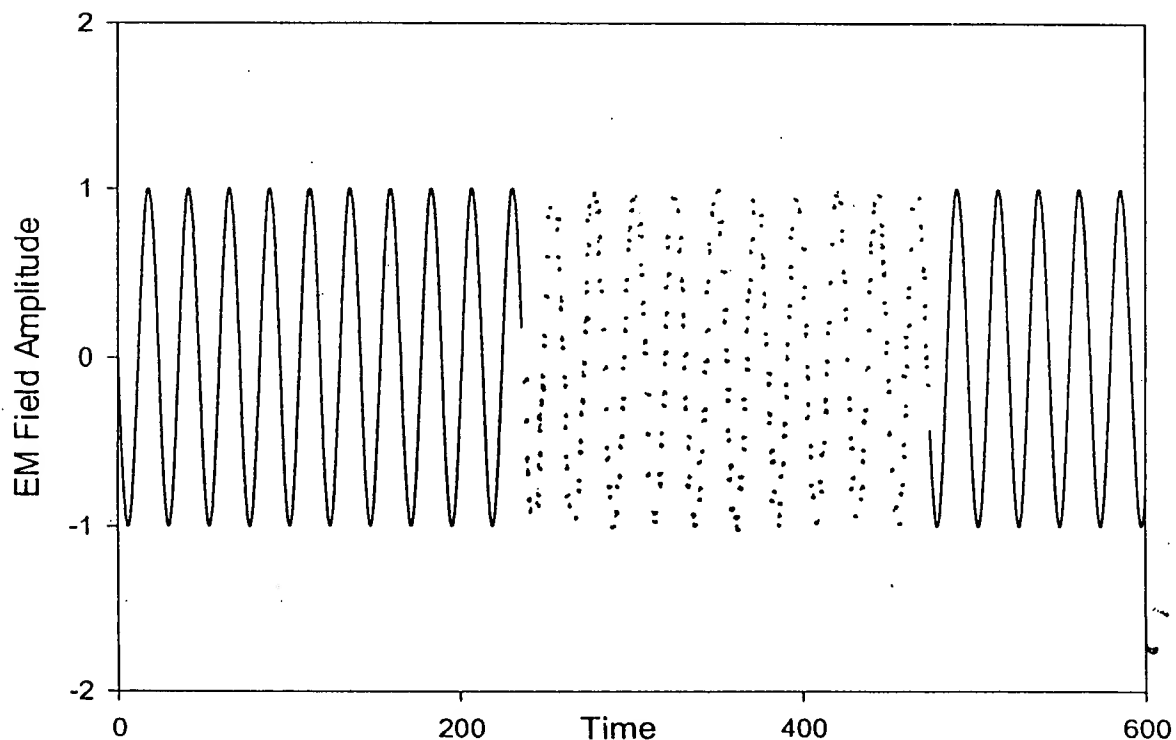
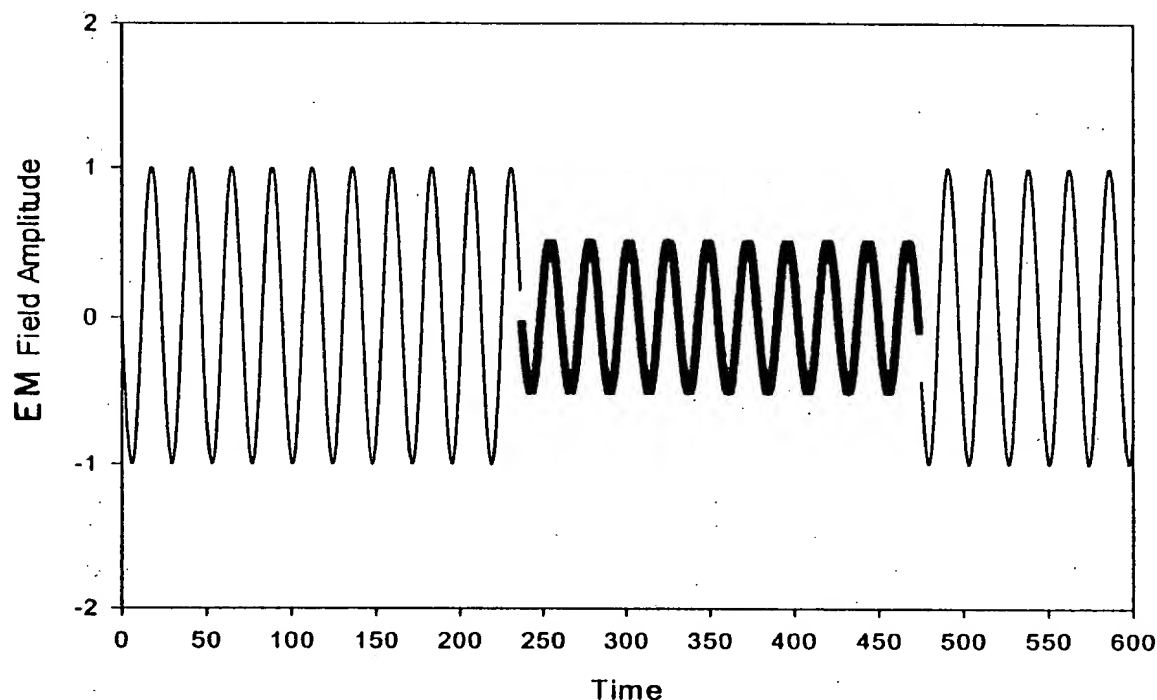


FIG. 2. Superposition of EM Fields From 2 Coils (Equal Field Amplitudes; Alternate on/off Times)

Solid Line = Coil A    Dotted line = Coil B



**Superposition of EM Fields From 2 Coils**  
(Unequal Field Amplitudes; Alternate on/off Times)  
**FIG. 3.** Light Solid Line = Coil A Dark Solid Line = Coil B



**FIG. 4.** EM Fields of Helmholtz Coils  
And A Single Coil Plotted As A  
Function of Depth Into The Tissue

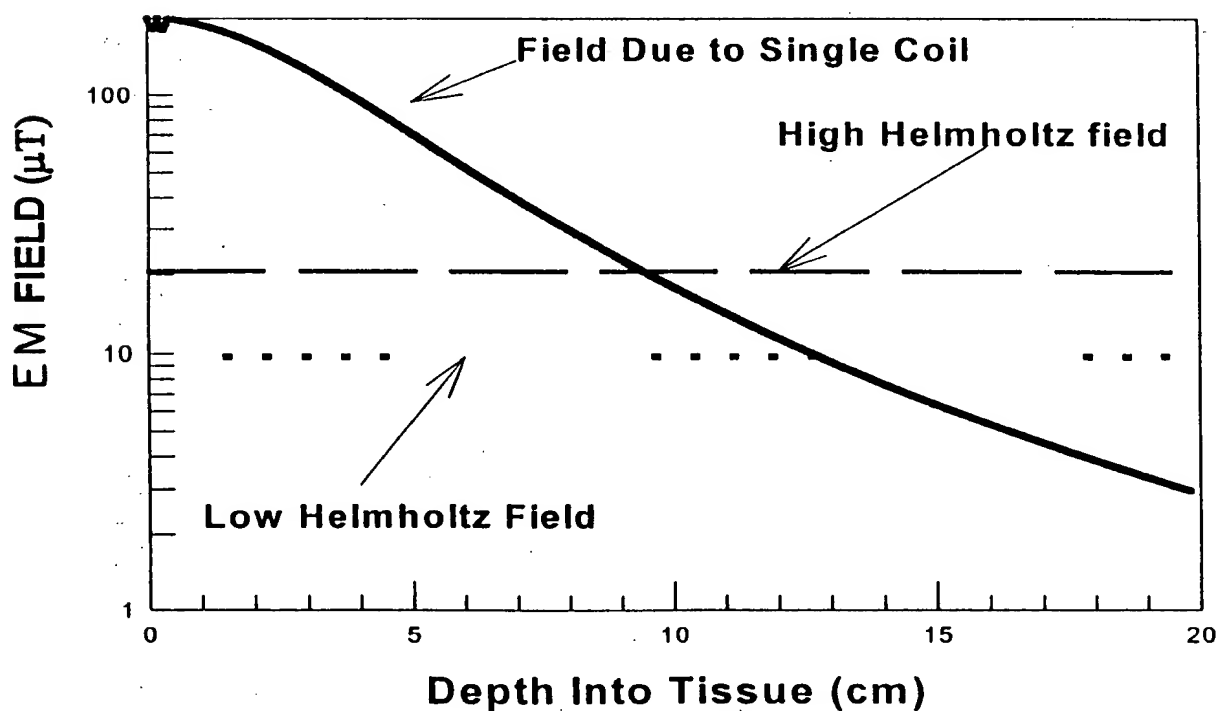


FIG.5. **FOCUSING EFFECT OF TWO  
ALTERNATELY PULSING EM FIELDS**  
HIGHER PEAK HELMHOLTZ FIELD

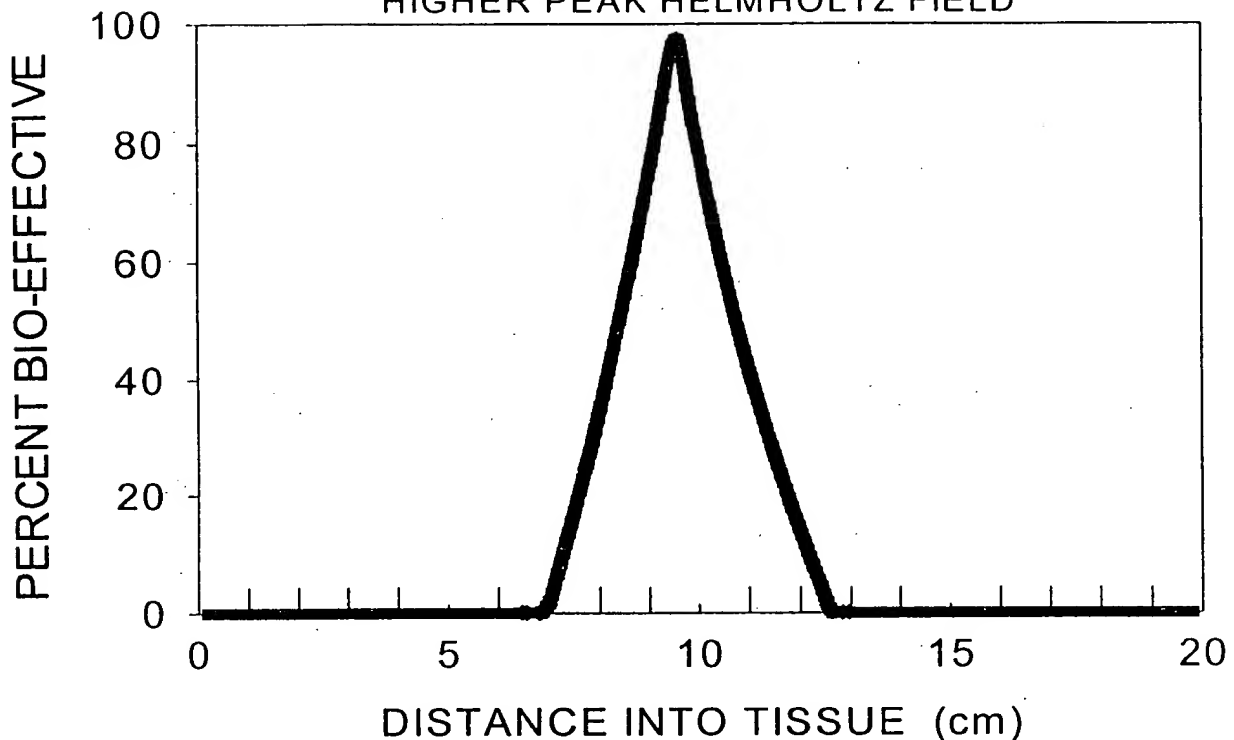
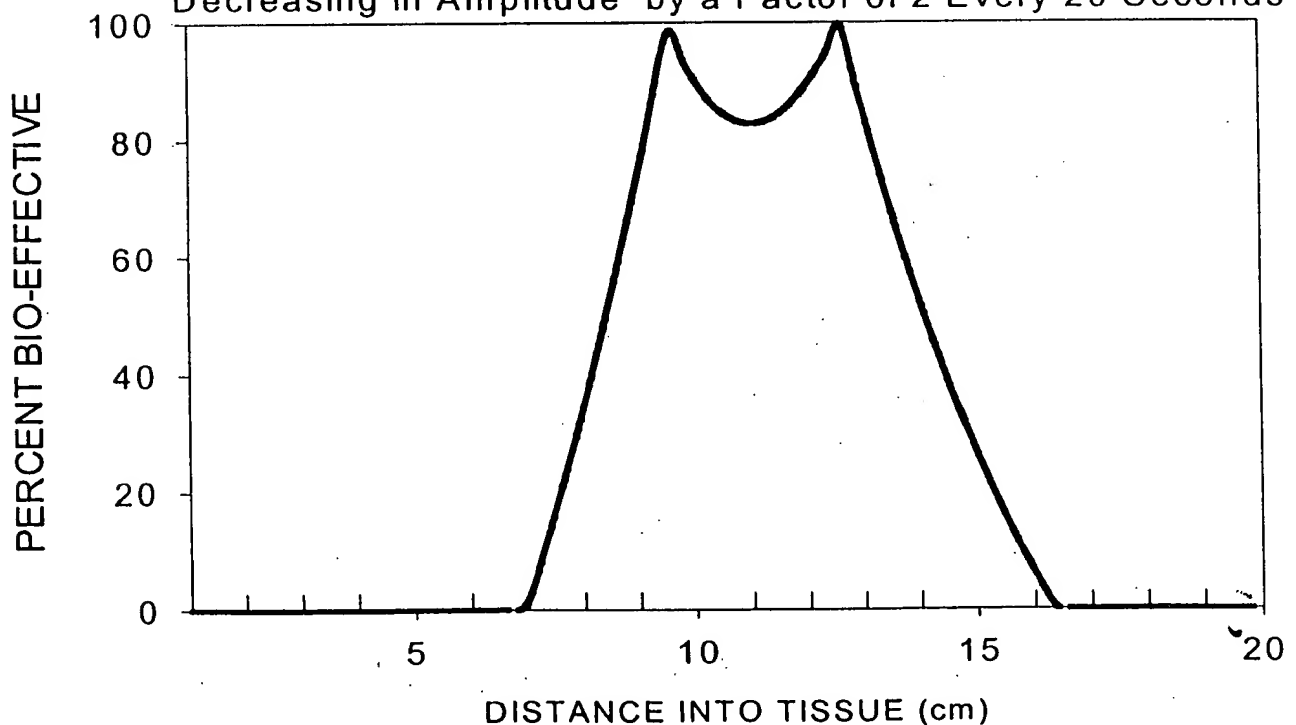


FIG.6. **BROADER FOCUS REGION FROM**  
Two Alternately Pulsing EM Fields  
One Field Source Alternately Increasing and then  
Decreasing in Amplitude by a Factor of 2 Every 20 Seconds



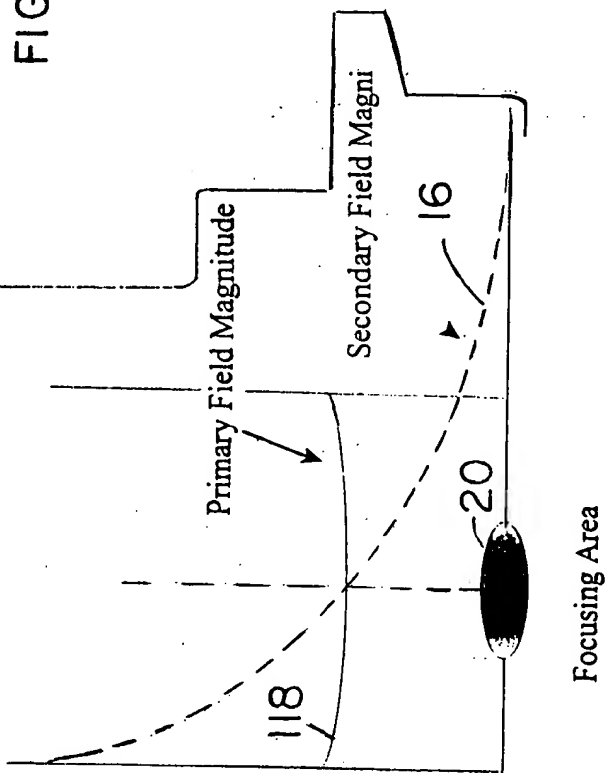
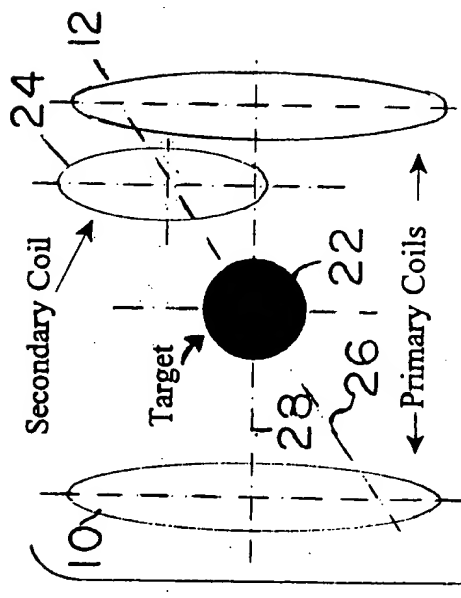
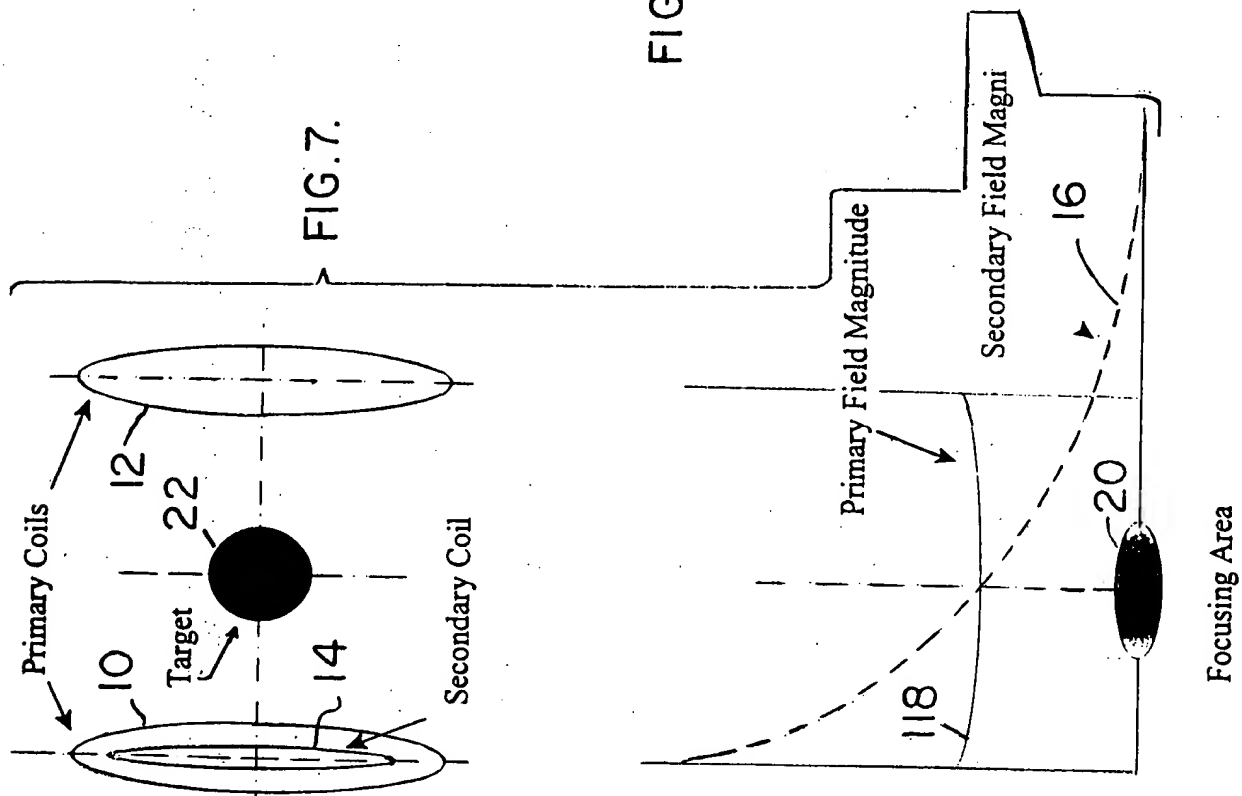


FIG. 8.

FIG. 7.

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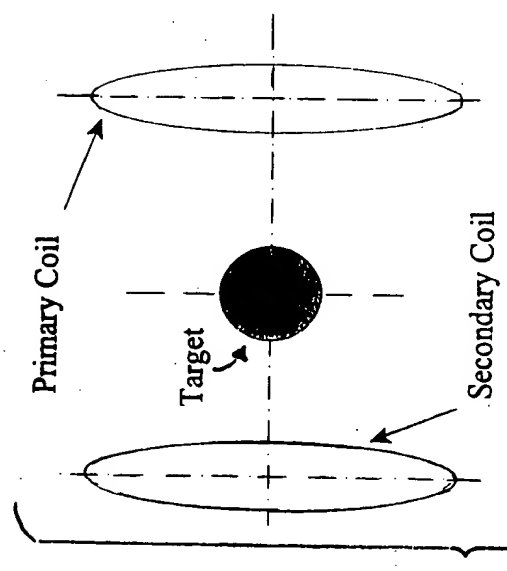


FIG. 9.

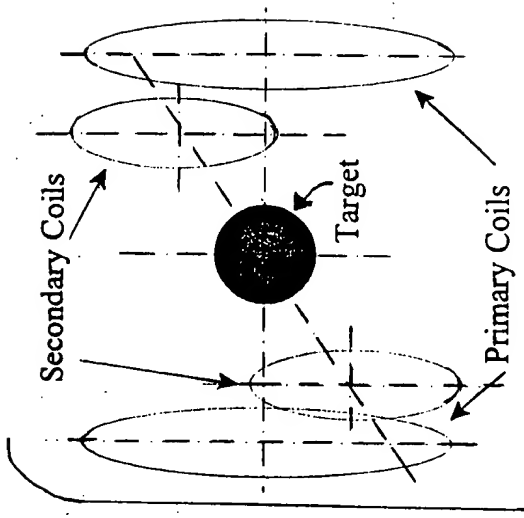
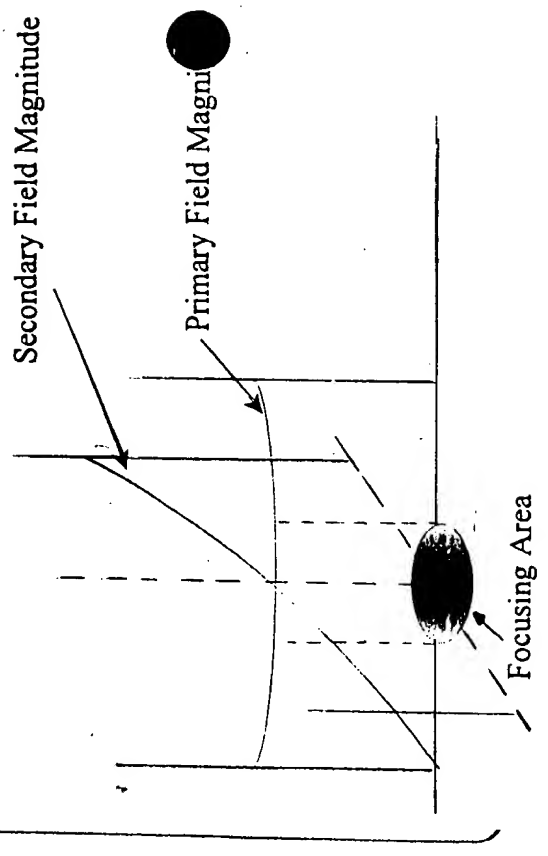
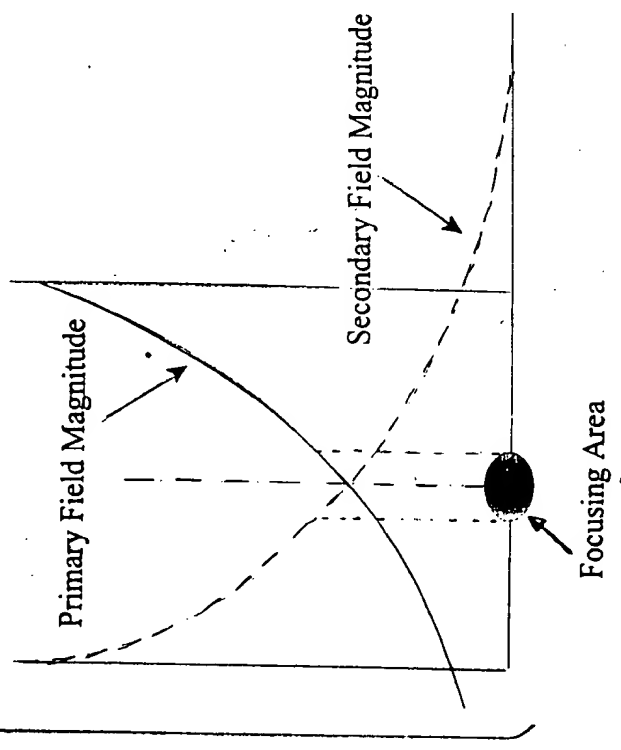


FIG. 10.



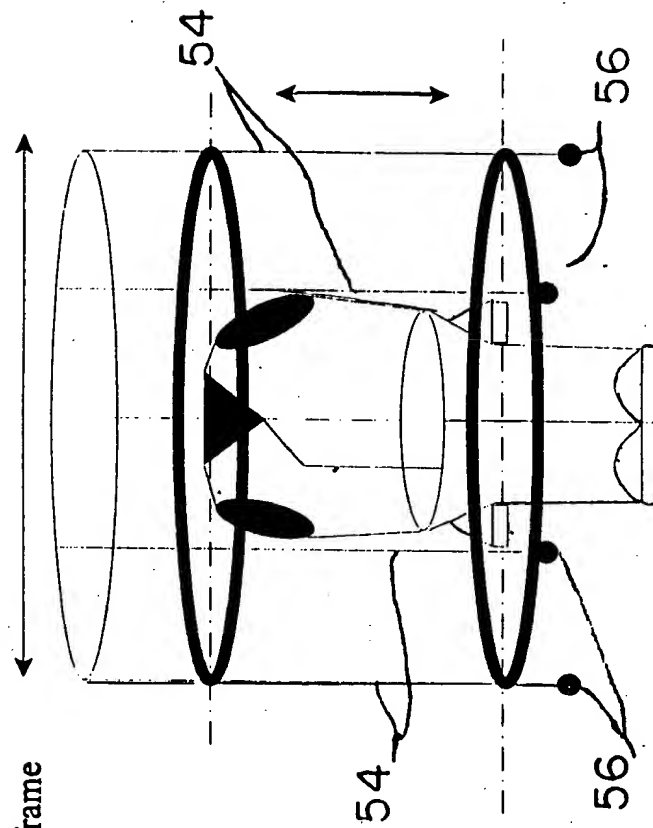


FIG. 12.

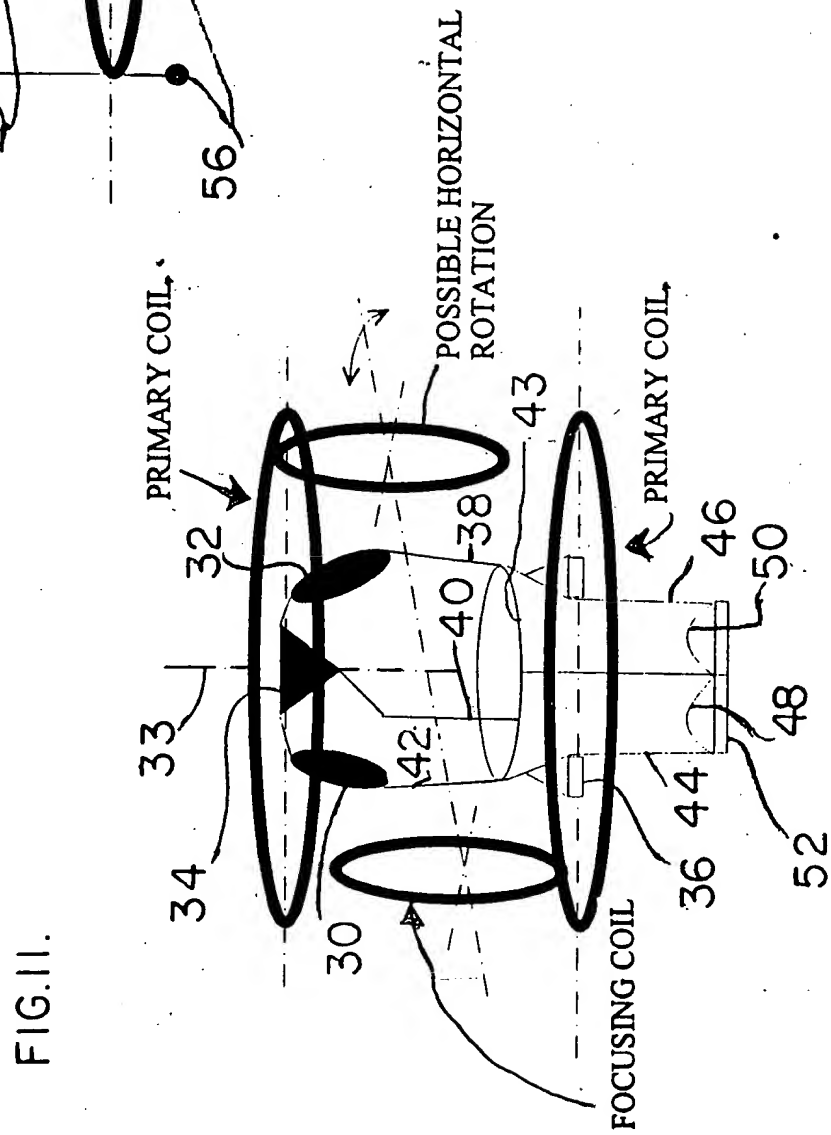


FIG. 11.



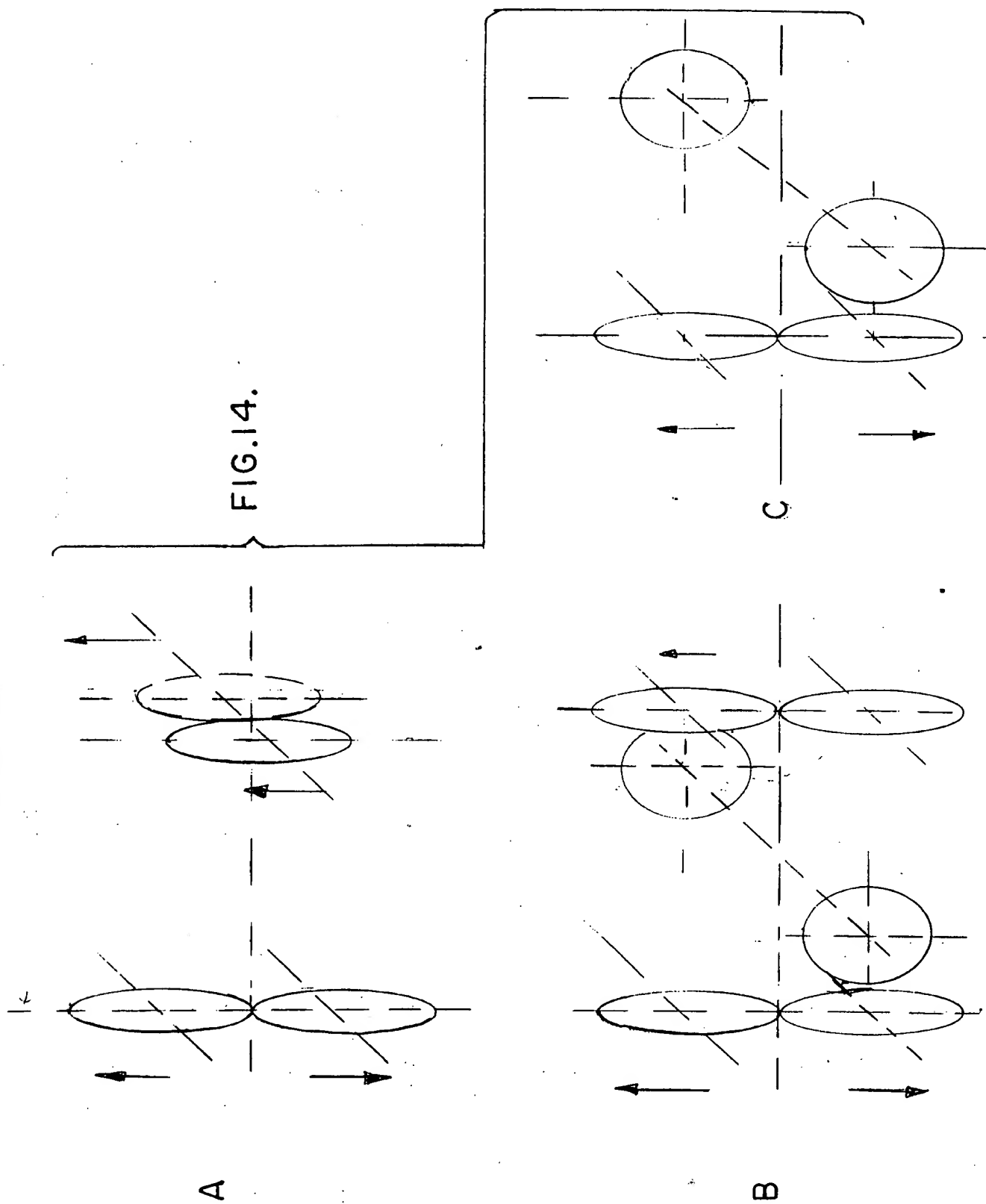
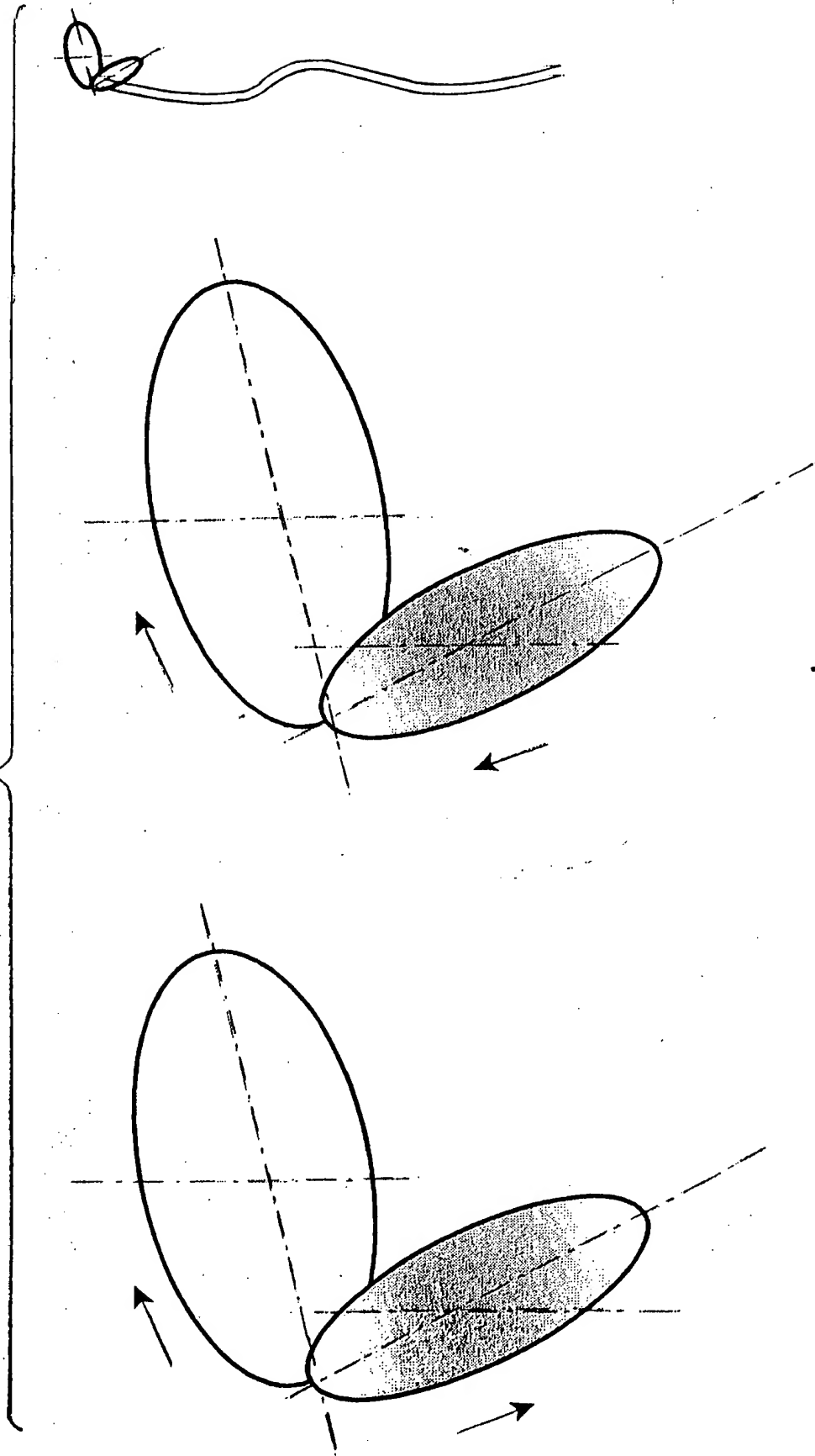
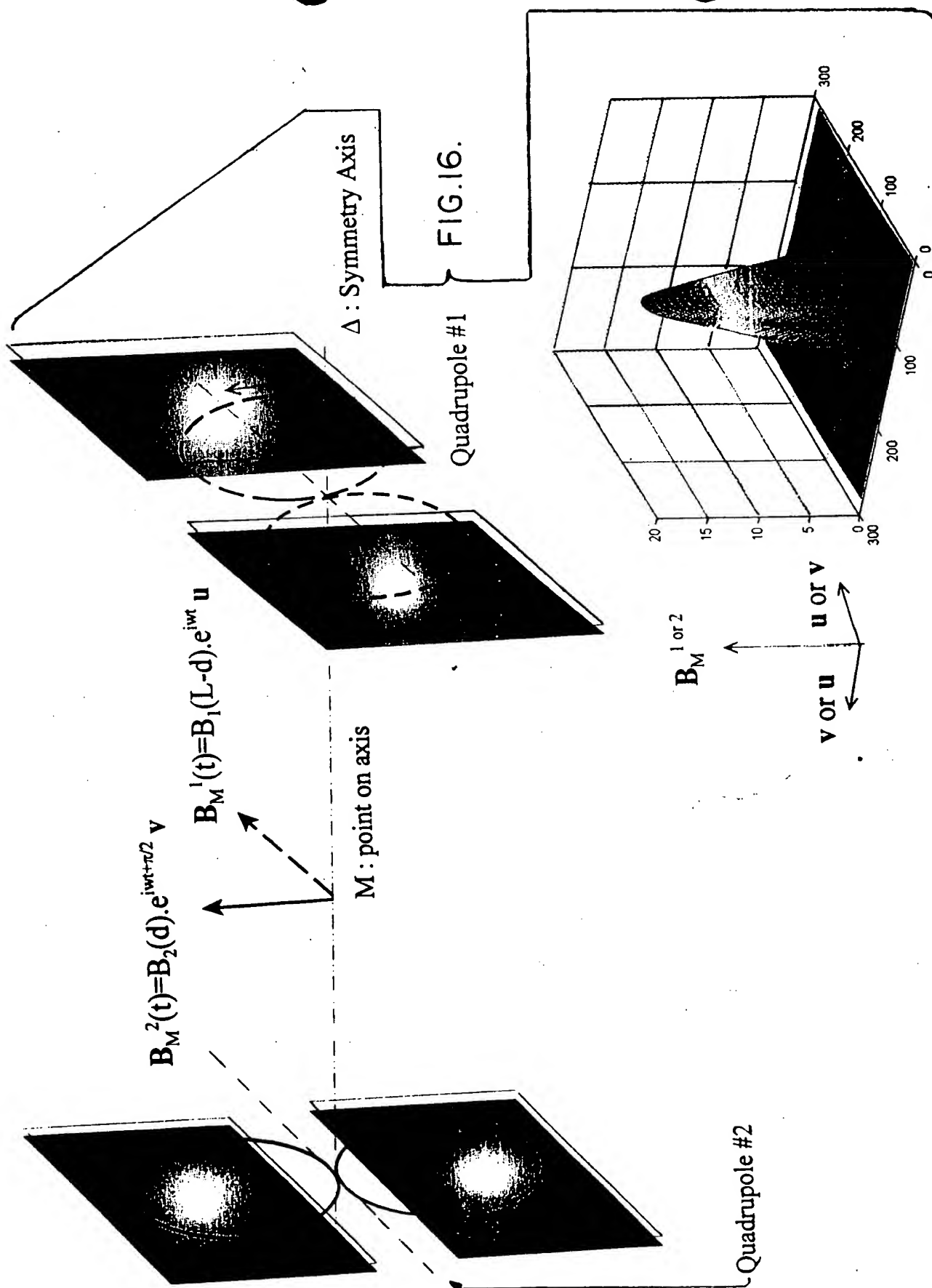




FIG.15: Complex Devices example #5

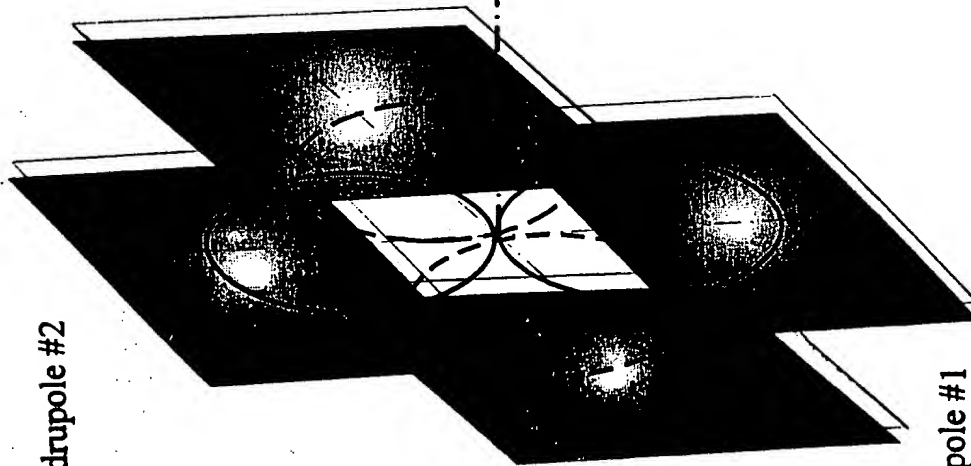


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Quadrupole #2

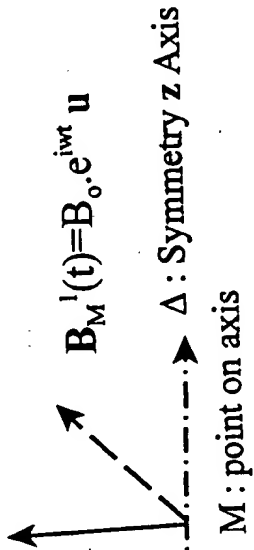


Quadrupole #1

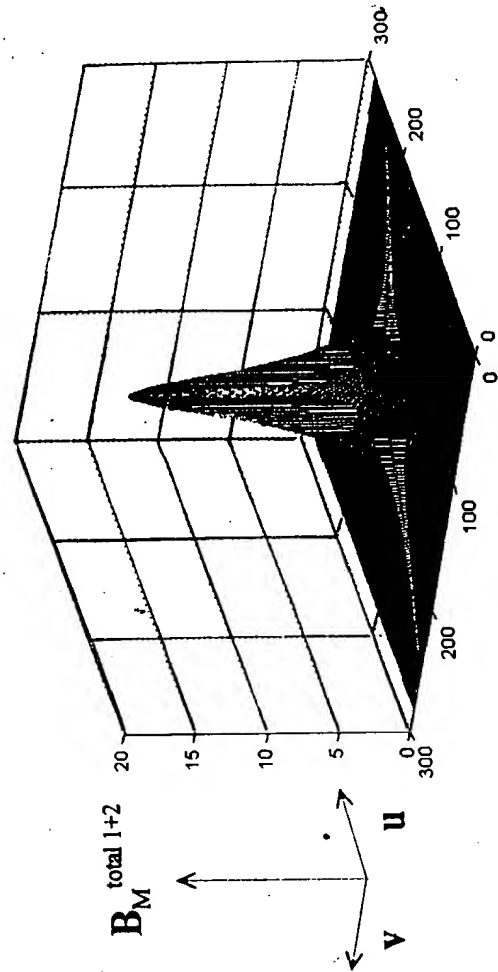
FIG.17.

$$B_M^2(t) = B_0 \cdot e^{i\omega t + \pi/2} v$$

$$B_M^1(t) = B_0 \cdot e^{i\omega t} u$$



M: point on axis



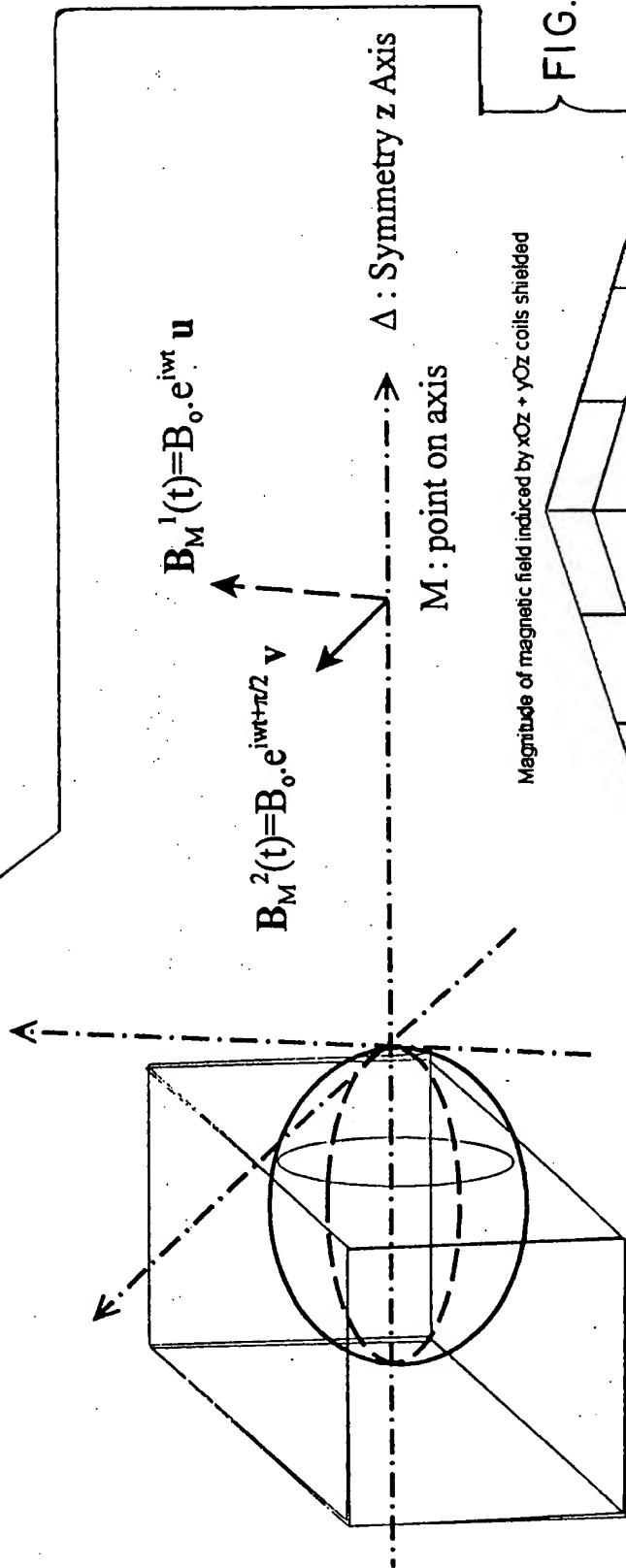


FIG.18.

